Prevention of Food Adulteration Programme:

The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

is

responsible for ensuring safe food to the consumers. Keeping this in view, a

legislation called "Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954" has

been enacted.

The objective envisaged in

this legislation is to ensure pure and wholesome food

to the consumers and also to prevent fraud or deception. The Act has been amended

thrice in 1964, 1976 and in 1986 with the

objective of plugging the loopholes and

making the punishments more stringent and empowering Consumers and Voluntary

Organisations to play a more effective role in

its implementation.

Constitutional Status and Enforcement of the

PFA Act: The subject of the Prevention

of

Food Adulteration is in the concurrent list of the constitution. However, in

general, the enforcement of the Act is done by the State/U.T

Governments. The Central

Government

primarily plays an advisory role in its implementation besides carrying

out various statutory functions/duties assigned to it under the various

provisions of the Act.

The laws regulating the quality of food have

been in force in the country since

1899. Until

1954, several States formulated their own food laws. But there was a

considerable variance in the rules and specifications of the food, which

interfered

with inter-provincial trade. The

Central Advisory Board appointed by the Government

of India in 1937 and the Food Adulteration Committee appointed in 1943, reviewed

the subject of Food Adulteration and

recommended for Central legislation. The Constitution

of India provided the powers to Central Government for making such legislation as

the subjects of Food and Drugs Adulteration are

included in the concurrent list.

The

Government of India, therefore, enacted a Central Legislation called the prevention

of Food adulteration Act (PFA) in the year 1954 which

came into effect from 15 June,

1955. The

Act repealed all laws, existing at that time in States concerning food adulteration.

Prevention of Food Adulteration Programme

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Food Quality Control Services: In India, a

three-tier system is in vogue for ensuring food quality and food safety.

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